

**DO NOT BREAK THE SEAL UNTIL YOU GO THROUGH THE  
FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS**

**QUESTION BOOKLET**

**Name of Post –ELECTION TEHSILDAR**

**Roll No.**

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**Booklet Series**     **B**

(Enter your Roll number in the above space)

**Time Allowed: 2 Hour**

**Max. Marks: - 100**

**INSTRUCTIONS :**

1. Use only BLUE/BLACK Ball Point Pen.
2. All questions are COMPULSORY.
3. All questions carry equal marks.
4. Check the BOOKLET thoroughly.

**IN CASE OF ANY DEFECT - MISPRINT, MISSING QUESTION/S, GET THE BOOKLET  
CHANGED. NO COMPLAINT SHALL BE ENTERTAINED AFTER THE TEST.**

5. Before you mark the answer, fill the particulars in the ANSWER SHEET carefully and correctly. Incomplete & Incorrect particulars may result in your answer sheet not being evaluated by the Computer.
6. After completing the test, handover the ANSWER SHEET to the Invigilator.
7. For Rough Work, Blank Sheet is provided at the end of the question – booklet
8. Before filling up the Answer Sheet, Read the instructions for marking the answer sheet carefully printed on the answer sheet.
9. Write the BOOKLET SERIES given at the TOP RIGHT HAND SIDE of the question booklet in the space provide in the answer sheet, by darkening the corresponding circles.

SEAL

**Note:** Each question carry one mark. No negative marking.

1. Mr Y has O blood group. Persons with which of the following blood groups can accept blood donated by Mr Y?

- a) A
- b) B
- c) AB
- d) All these.

2. Which gland of human body secretes Insulin?

- a) Liver.
- b) Thyroid.
- c) Pancreas.
- d) Pitutary.

3. Which one of the following transports oxygen to every cell of the human body?

- a). Blood Platelets.
- b). White blood cells.
- c). Hormones.
- d). Red Blood cells.

4. The bats are able to fly in dark because their wings produce:

- a) Ultra violet rays.
- b) Sound waves.
- c) Infra red rays.
- d).Ultra sonic waves.

5. From which stage of Silk worm is silk obtained?

- a) Pupa.
- b). Adult.
- c) Caterpillar.
- d) Cacoon.

6. Which of the following pairs is incorrect?

- a) Pasteur: Bacteriology
- b). Newton: law of gravitation.
- c). Roentgen: X Rays.
- d). Faraday: Diffusion of gases.

7. Who invented the lift?

- a). E G Otis.
- b).Thomas Alva Edison.
- c). Michel Faraday.
- d) J L Baird.

8. Sceintisi who is associated with the success of Green Revolution is -

- a). Norman Borlaug.
- b). V R Rao.
- c).C V Raman.
- d).S S Bhatnagar.

9. Who discovered anti biotic 'Penicilin'?

- a).Robert Hooke.                      b) Har Gobind Khurana.  
c).Alexander Fleming.                d) Mendel.

10. Who among the following was awarded Nobel prize for discovery of neutrons?

- a). Rutherford.                        b) Chadwick.  
c).Goldstein.                          d).Bohr.

11 Which one of the following was the main feature of the Indus Valley Civilization?

- a). Town Planning.                    b).Drainage system.  
c) Pucca houses.                      d). Well laid out roads.

12. The Aryans came to India from:

- a)South East Asia.                    b).East Asia.  
c) Central Asia.                        d). None of these.

13. Which one of the following was the capital of Kanishka?

- a) Peshawar.                          b).Kanauj.  
c).Mathura.                            d) Amravati.

14. Who among the following belonged to the Slave dynasty?

- a).Iltumish.                            b) Akbar.  
c) Ibrahim Lodi.                        d) Ahmand Shah Abdali.

15. The slogan Inquilab Zindabad was first used by:

- a). Veer Savarkar.                    b).Chandrashekhkar Azad.  
c).Bhagat Singh.                      d) Balgangadhar Tilak.

16. The most important feature of the Government of India Act of 1919 was introduction of :

- a).Dyarchy.                            b).Provincial autonomy.  
c) Adult franchise.                    d) Separate electorates.

17. Who established four *math* in four corners of India?

- a). Ramaanujacharya.                b) Bhaskaracharya.  
c) Shankaracharya.                    d). Madhavacharya.

18. Which of the following *bhakti saints* used the medium of dance and songs to make one feel the personnel presence of God near him?

- a). Jnanadev.
- b). Shankaracharya.
- c). Chanidasa.
- d). Chaitanaya Mahaprabhu.

19. The capital of Vijaynagar Empire in Southern India was;

- a) Warangal.
- b) Hampi.
- c).Madurai.
- d).Kanchipuram.

20. Akbar formed the *Mansabdari system*. From where was it borrowed?

- a) Persia.
- b) Afghanistan.
- c) Turkey.
- d) Mongolia.

21. Swaraj as a national demand was first made by:

- a) Moti lal Nehru.
- b).Chittaranjan Das.
- c).Gopal Krishna Gokhale.
- d).Bal Gangadhar Tilak.

22. During the time of Sher Shah the document which contained information about the tax a farmer had to pay was called?

- a).Quabiliat.
- b).Jaribana.
- c) Muhaslana.
- d). Patta.

23.The Sikh Khalsa was founded by which one of the following Sikh Gurus:

- a).Guru Nanak.
- b).Guru Teg Bahadur.
- c).Guru Gobind Singh.
- d) Guru Arjun Dev.

24.Which was the capital of Shivaji's kingdom?

- a). Purandhar.
- b) Pune.
- c). Alibagh.
- d). Raigad.

25. The first Europeans who came to India were?

- a) Portuguese.
- b) British.
- c) Dutch.
- d) French.

26. Who has been crowned Miss Earth 2009.
- Larisa Ramos.
  - Alejandra Pedrajas
  - Sandra Siefert
  - Jessica Barbossa.
27. Where was India-European Union summit held on Nov 6<sup>th</sup> 2009?
- London.
  - New Delhi.
  - Paris.
  - Mumbai.
28. Which of the following commissions gave it report on the facts behind demolition of Babri Masjid?
- Shah Commission.
  - Sarkaria Commission.
  - Liberhan Commission.
  - Jain Commission.
29. Name India's first nuclear powered submarine which was launched recently?
- INS Virat.
  - INS Arihant.
  - INS Vikrant.
  - INS Rajput.
30. Where is the world's largest solar steam system located?
- Shirdi.
  - Bhuj.
  - Jaisalmer.
  - Gulbarga.
31. Which country held the first ever underwater cabinet meeting recently?
- Mauritius.
  - Fiji Islands.
  - Indonesia.
  - Maldives.
32. Who has been sworn in recently as president of Iran for the second time?
- Mahmoud Ahmadinejad.
  - Ayatollah Ali Khamenei.
  - Ali Rafsajani.
  - Hamid Karzai.
33. Who was awarded Nobel peace prize for 2009?
- Nelson Mandela.
  - Nicholas Sarkozy.
  - Herta Mueller.
  - Barack Obama.
34. Who won the Stockholm water prize for 2009?
- Bindeshwari Pathak.
  - Rajendra Singh.
  - Hilary Mantel.
  - Dr K Srinath Reddy.

35. Who won Dadaasaheb Phalke award for 2009.
- Prem Chopra.
  - Vinod Khanna.
  - Manna Dey.
  - A R Rehman.
36. What is the total number of districts in Haryana?
- 20.
  - 25.
  - 39.
  - 21.
37. Which of the following is the first novel written in Haryanvi language?
- Jharuphiri.
  - Hamari Gaiya..
  - Haryana Gaurav.
  - Heeru ki kahani
38. Which one of the following women to climb Mount Everest twice is from Haryana?
- Bachendri Pal.
  - Junko Tabie.
  - Santosh Yadav.
  - Naina Lal.
39. In which city of Haryana is Asia's biggest animal farm located?
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) Hissar.  | b) Panipat. |
| c) Kaithal. | d) Ambala.  |
40. Which one of the following is the Haryana foundation day?
- 1<sup>st</sup> December.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> October.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> January.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> November.
41. How many members does Rajya has from Haryana?
- 09.
  - 10.
  - 05.
  - 04.
42. Which is the state bird of Haryana?
- Black Titar.
  - Peacock.
  - Eagle.
  - Ostrich.
43. Which place in Haryana did the famous Hemchand (Hemu) who fought against Akbar belong?
- Panipat.
  - Kurukshetra.
  - Faridabad.
  - Rewari.

44. Which city in Haryana was the capital of King Harshwardhan?

- a) Jind.
- b) Sthanesehwar(Thaneshwar).
- c) Agroha.
- d) Mewat.

45. When is Khoria dance performed?

- a) Before Holi.
- b) During Teeej.
- c) At the time of marriage.
- d) At the time of Diwali.

46. Which one of the following players belong to Haryana?

- a) Sunil Gavaskar.
- b) Mohd. Azaharuddin.
- c) Madan Lal
- d) Kapil Dev.

47. Which breed of Buffaloes is well known in Haryana?

- a) Pushpa.
- b) Champa.
- c) Turra.
- d) Murra.

48. Which is the largest district in Haryana in terms of area?

- a) Ambala.
- b) Faridabad.
- c) Rewari.
- d) Bhiwani.

49. Who among the following great poets belonged to Haryana?

- a) Kabir Das.
- b) Rahim.
- c) Surdas.
- d) Raskhan.

50. Which part of Haryana has Hilly parts of Shiwalik range?

- a). South West.
- b). South East.
- c). North East.
- d) East.

51. India has –

- a) Mixed economy.
- b) Socialist economy.
- c) Free market economy.
- d) Gandhian economy.

52. Disguised unemployment in India is related to-

- a).Rural areas.
- b).Urban areas.
- c). Industrial sector.
- d), Agriculture sector.

53. India adopted 5 year plan from-

- a).Former USSR.
- b).France.
- c).England.
- d). U S A.

54. Which one of the following is the main source of finance for state-

- a). Share in Central taxes.
- b) Sales tax.
- c).Grants- in-aid from the Central Government.
- d).Land revenues.

55.Which is the measure of economic growth of a country?

- a)GNP.
- b) GDP.
- c).Per Capita.
- d) None of the above.

56. Which of the following is not a Direct Tax-

- a) Wealth Tax.
- b) Estate duty.
- c) Sales Tax.
- d) Income Tax.

57. Fiscal deficit in Union Budget means-

- a).Net increase in the Union Government's borrowings from the Reserve Bank of India.
- b).Difference between current expenditure and current revenues.
- c). The sum of budgetary deficit and net increase in internal and external borrowings.
- d) None of the above.

58. In which of the following bank one cannot open an account-

- a).Reserve Bank of India.
- b).Commercial Bank.
- c) Co operative bank.
- d) Scheduled banks



59. What is the primary role of NABARD?

- a). To provide term loans to the state Co operative Banks.
- b). To assist state government to share capital contribution.
- c). To act as refinance institution.
- d) None of the above.

60. Who is the Chairman of the Planning Commission?

- a) President of India.
- b) Finance Minister.
- c) Prime Minister.
- d) Governor of R B I.

61. Sellers market denotes a situation where-

- a). Commodities are available at competitive rates.
- b). Supply exceeds demand.
- c) Demand exceeds supply.
- d) Supply and demand are evenly balanced.

62. What is the "letter of credit" used frequently in bank transactions?

- a). An unconditional undertaking given by a bank ensuring payment of a particular amount to the drawee at a given date.
- b) Letter by a bank to a person stating the terms and conditions of the loan sanctioned to him by the bank.
- c) An order from a bank to another bank abroad authorizing the payments of a particular amount to a person named in the letter.
- d). Statement showing outstanding deposits and credits in an account.

63. Who wrote the book "Wealth of nations"?

- a) Ricardo
- b). Adam Smith.
- c) J M Keynes.
- d) None of the above.

64. The term *paper gold* is associated with-

- a). Deficit budgeting.
- b). Currencies still in Gold standard.
- c). Special rights of the IMF.
- d). Special facility of the World Bank.

65. Capital output ratio of a commodity measures-

- a). its per unit production.
- b). the amount of capital invested per unit of output.
- c). the ratio of capital depreciation to quantity of output.
- d). the ratio of working capital employed to quantity of output.

66. An evaluation of individual's or a company's credit history capability of repaying obligation is called-

- a). Current ratio.
- b). Credit rating.
- c). Net Asset value.
- d). Cash credit.

67. National income of India is compiled by-

- a). Indian statistical institute.
- b). Finance Commission.
- c). Central Statistical Organization.
- d). Planning Commission.

68. Interest policy is a component of-

- a). Trade policy.
- b). Fiscal policy.
- c). Monetary policy.
- d). Direct control.

69. Fiscal policy means?

- a). Planning policy.
- b). Credit policy.
- c). Taxation policy.
- d). Policy of expenditure and Public debt policy.

70. The RBI adopts the following instruments for quantitative control of credit-

- 1). Cash requirement ratio.
- 2). Statutory liquidity ratio.
- 3). Open market operations.
- 4). Margin requirements.

- (a) 1&2      (b) 2&4      (c) 1, 2 &3      (d) 2, 3 & 4

Given below are two statements titled as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). In the context of the two statements which of the following is correct?

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

71. **Assertion(A)** Days and night all over the globe except the equator and the poles are of varying length at different times of the year.

**Reason ( R)** the earth's axis is oblique and it points at the same direction through out the year.

72. **Assertion (A).** There have been various defects and weaknesses in Indian Agricultural marketing.

**Reason ( R).** Exploitative marketing practices, high marketing charges and unfair prices have dominated the unregulated markets.

73. **Assertion (A).** Ozone layer in the upper reaches of atmosphere is of vital importance for living being on Earth.

**Reason ( R).** Ozone layer absorbs the ultra violet rays coming from the sun which affect the living being adversely.

74. **Assertion (A).** Cotton textiles industry in India was first established in Mumbai.

**Reason ( R).** Mumbai was having higher relative humidity and facilities like port and capital required.

75. **Assertion (A).** NALCO's aluminum smelter plant is located near Talcher coal fields instead of in the bauxite producing areas of Koraput.

**Reason (R).** Availability of power on a large scale is the most important requirement for smelting.

76. Which of the following kings requested Napoleon for help to drive British out of India?

- a) Jai Singh.
- b) Rani of Jhansi.
- c) Shivaji.
- d) Tipu Sultan.

77. During the reign of whom did the Mathura school of arts flourish?

- a). Krishnadevrai.
- b) Ashoka.
- c) Vasudeva.
- d) Kanishka.

78. Kuchipudi is the dance form of which state?

- a) Andhra Pradesh.
- b).Orissa.
- c) Tamil Nadu.
- d).Kerala.

79. Madhubani paintings are from which state of India?

- a).Uttar Pradesh.
- b). Bihar.
- c).Madhya Pradesh.
- d). West Bengal.

80. Which of the following Governor Generals who introduced the doctrine of lapse?

- a) Lord Hastings.
- b) Lord Irwin.
- c) Lord Curzon.
- d) Lord Dalhousie.

81. The Constitution of India was enacted by a constituent Assembly set up-

- a). Under the India Independence Act.
- b). By the Indian National Conference.
- c). Under the Cabinet Mission Plan 1946.
- d). Through a resolution of provisional government.

82. Who was the Chairman of the drafting Committee of the Constitution-

- a) Dr Rajendra Prasad.
- b). Tej Bahadur Sapru.
- c). C Rajagopalchari.
- d). Dr B R Ameddkar.

83. Which of the following is a feature of the Parliamentary form of government-

- a). Judiciary is responsible to the executive.
- b). Executive is responsible to Judiciary.
- c). Legislature is responsible to Executive.
- d). Executive is responsible to legislature.

84. Indian Constitution is considered as-

- a) Unitary.
- b).Federal.
- c). Parliamentary.
- d). Federal in form and Unitary in spirit.

85. The correct nomenclature of India according to the preamble is --

- a). Sovereign , Secular, Democratic Republic.
- b). Sovereign, Democratic Republic.
- c). Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic Republic.
- d) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democracy.

86. The Directive Principles of state policy in the Indian Constitution have been drawn from –

- a).Canadian Constitution.
- b) British Constitution.
- c).Irish Constitution.
- d) French Constitution.

87.For those Union territories which do not have legislature of their own who passes the law for them-

- a) Union Ministry .
- b). Administrator.
- c). President.
- d). Parliament.

88. Which of the following was the first woman film star nominated to the Rajya Sabha-

- a). Nargis Dutt.
- b).Vyjayanthimala.
- c). Jayaprada.
- d). Hema Malini.

89. To which of the following bill the President has to accord sanction without sending it back to the to the Parliament for consideration-

- a) Ordinary Bills.
- b). Bill seeking amendment to the constitution.
- c). Bills passed by both the houses of Parliament.
- d) Finance Bill.

90. Who is the highest law officer of a state?

- a).Secretary General Law Department.
- b). Attorney General.
- c).Advocate General.
- d).Solicitor General.

91. What is the mount of money given to a member of Parliament for spending on development work in his/her constituency?

- a). Rs.10 Lakhs.
- b).Rs.1 Lakh.
- c).Rs. 2 crore.
- d). Rs 1 crore.

92.Who among the following has the power to maintain order within the house of people?

- a).Prime Minister .
- b).Chief of the security staff.
- c). Marshal of the house.
- d) Speaker.

93. Which Parliamentary Committee is headed by a prominent member of the opposition?

- a).Estimates Committee.                      b) Public Accounts Committee.  
c).Privileges Committee.                      d) Committee on Government assurances.

94. A bill for alteration of the boundaries of a state cannot be introduced in the Parliament without the recommendation of the –

- a). Supreme court.                              b). Presiding officers of both the houses of Parliament.  
c). President.                                      d). The legislature of the state concerned.

95. Who among the following is not a member of the Parliament but has the right to address it?

- a)Chief Justice of India..                      b).Solicitor General of India.  
c).Attorney General of India.                      d).Chief Election Commissioner.

96. Who administers the oath of office to the President of India.

- a).Speaker of Lok Sabha.                      b) The Chairman of Rajya Sabha.  
c).Prime Minister.                                  d).Chief Justice of India.

97. Members of Rajya Sabha are elected according to –

- a) Single non-transferable vote.                      b) Single non transferable vote.  
c).Cumulative vote system.                      d).None of the above.

98.How long can a person continue to be a minister without being a member of either house of Parliament?

- a). 1 year.    b).6 months.  
c).3 months.    d). No time limit.

99. The Governor of a state is appointed by the President on the advice of-

- a) Chief Minister.                                  b).Chief Justice.  
c).Prime Minister.                                  d).Vice-President.

100. Who was the first woman governor of a state in free India?

- a) Susheta Kripalani.                              b) Sarojini Naidu.  
c) Indira Gandhi.                                      d) Vijay Laxmi Pandit.